## Ethics & Elder Rights: Guarding Your Claim

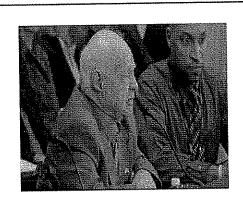
Celene Gogerty
Asst. Polk County
Attorney

Chantelle Smith Asst. Attorney General

October 14, 2013

#### Mickey Rooney Speaks Up





■ The Problem Who Calls the Shots? Definitions/Statutes Special Issues re: Financial Crime Note: Copyrighted materials used in this presentation are for educational purposes only pursuant to 17 U.S.C. Section 107 Prevalence ■ Chronically underreported ■ NY study - Actual incidents 44x more than reported incidents Prevalence Estimated 3.5%-5.2% of elders are financially exploited

F	
Prevalence  47% of people with dementia who are at home are mistreated—not including financially abused	
So What?	
"It's a family matter anyway"	
So What?	
Mild abuse =	
300% increased risk of	
dying	

So What?	
	***************************************
4x as likely to be put in	
nursing home	7///
ſ	1
So What?	
Nursing home =	**************************************
burden on taxpayers	
So Mhot?	
So What?	
Financial exploitation	
— — Crime	
Cilile	
<u> </u>	

# So What?

### So What?



No money for:

Food Mortgage/Rent Utilities Rx

## So What?



Taxpayers end up paying

## Risk Factors, Signs & Red Flags



#### OPEN PIT

#### Risk Factors for Abuse

- Living with other family
- Dementia
- Social isolation of caretakers/victims
- Caretaker with mental illness, substance abuse or other psychologic pathology
- Abusers that are heavily dependent on the victim

Does this sound like any of your clients?

······································	
··········	
	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# Who calls the shots? Who is the Client? Whoever pays the bill?

#### Not so Fast: Rule 32:1.8(f)

A lawyer shall not accept compensation for representing a client from one other than the client unless the client gives informed consent, there is no interference with the attorney's judgment, and attorney-client privilege is protected.

## Representation in a "Group" Setting

- Rule 32:1.6 (Privilege)
- Third party present
  - Crawford v. Raible (1928)
- Rule 32:1.14 –
   Comment 3
   (Diminished capacity)
- Rule 32:1.14 Comment 4 (Legal rep)



## The Aging Client and Potential Issues

- Standard for capacity to contract
- Standard for incapacity in guardianship law
- Ethical guidelines

"Assessment of Older Adults with Diminished Capacity: A Handbook for Lawyers", ABA and APA, 2005

#### **Transactional Capacity**

Testamentary capacity may exist although capacity to transact business generally, make contracts, and carry on difficult negotiations is lacking.

Matter of Estate of Baessler, 561 N.W.2d 88 (Iowa Ct. App. 1997) (abrogated on other grounds)

#### **Testamentary Capacity**

Testamentary Capacity. A person has the mental ability to make a will if s/he:

- 1. Knows a will is being made;
- 2. Knows the kind and extent of [his] [her] property;
- 3. Is able to identify and remember those persons [he] [she] would naturally give [his] [her] property to; and
- 4. Knows how [he] [she] wants to distribute [his] [her] property.

Iowa Civil Jury Instructions

## Conservatorship: Ward's Ability to Contract

A ward for whom a conservator has been appointed shall not have the power to convey, encumber or dispose of property in any manner, other than by will if the ward possesses the requisite testamentary capacity unless court orders.

Iowa Code Section 633.637


#### Rule 32:1.14: Client with Diminished Capacity

Balancing client's rights with abilities

#### **Determining Capacity**

- Rule 32:1.14, comment 6
- Factors to consider:
  - client's ability to articulate reasoning
  - variability of state of mind
  - ability to appreciate consequences
  - substantive fairness of a decision
  - the consistency of a decision with the known long-term commitments and values of the client

#### Observational Signs of Diminished Capacity

- Cognitive signs
- Emotional signs
- Behavioral signs
- Mitigating factors

"Assessment of Older Adults with Diminished Capacity: A Handbook for Lawyers", ABA and APA, 2005

	***************************************			***************************************
		······································		
	**************************************		 ·····	
			 	***************************************
4				
•	***************************************		 	
•	`		 	
*	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
•				

#### Cognitive Signs

- Short-term memory loss
- **\*** Communication problems
- Comprehension problems
- Lack of mental flexibility
- Calculation problems
- Disorientation

"Assessment of Older Adults with Diminished Capacity: A Handbook for Lawyers", ABA and APA, 2005

#### **Emotional Signs**

- Significant emotional distress
- Emotional instability/inappropriateness

"Assessment of Older Adults with Diminished Capacity: A Handbook for Lawyers", ABA and APA, 2005

#### Behavioral Signs

- Delusions
- Hallucinations
- Poor grooming/hygiene

"Assessment of Older Adults with Diminished Capacity: A Handbook for Lawyers", ABA and APA, 2005

	***************************************	

## Mitigating/Qualifying Factors ■ Stress, grief, depression ■ Reversible medical factors Normal fluctuations in mental ability ■ Hearing/vision loss ■ Individual differences/variability considerations **Definitions/Statutes** Dependent Adult

Dependent Adult Abuse vs. Elder Abuse

### "Dependent Adult" means... Adult Unable to protect themselves or obtain services or meet their own needs As a result of a physical or mental condition which requires assistance from another "Dependent Adult" means... Adult - Unable to protect themselves or obtain services or meet their own needs As a result of a physical or mental condition which requires assistance from another "Dependent Adult" means... Adult Unable to protect themselves or obtain services or meet their own needs As a result of a physical or mental condition which requires

assistance from another

# Dependent Adult? **Factors that Affect Dependency** ■ Temporal ■ Situational ■ Intellectual disability without physical disability Dependent Adult?

Dependent Adult?	
Dependent Adult?	
Dependent Adult?	

#### What if they don't want help?



"It's just a flesh wound!"

#### "Dependent Adult" means...

- Adult
- Unable to protect themselves or obtain services or meet their own needs
- As a result of a physical or mental condition which requires assistance from another

## Financial Exploitation

******	 ************

## 235B Dependent Adult Abuse: Financial Exploitation

- · Using or misappropriating
- Funds, property, medications
- · With intent to deprive
- · Benefits someone else
- Without informed consent of victim
- Caretaker is responsible for exploitation



#### "Informed Consent"

- Nature of transaction/course of conduct
- Disclose all material risks
- Probability of risk
- Available alternatives
- Answer all questions satisfactorily
- Probably needs to be in writing
- Presumes victim is competent

#### 235B - Dual Purpose

- Criminal
- DHS protective

		,		
			 	···
***************************************				
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		 	
<u></u>			 	
	·		 	
			 <del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	

#### 235B Requirement\*

Abuse as a result of acts or omission of a "caretaker"



#### "Caretaker" Means...

- anyone
- responsible for providing protection, care or custody



#### 235B Dependant Adult Abuse Crimes

#### Penalties:

Intentionally acts causing any injury: Recklessly acts causing serious injury: Recklessly acts causing physical injury: Intentionally or knowingly acts w/o injury: Serious misdemeanor Financial exploitation over \$100:

Class D felony Aggravated misdemeanor Class D felony Financial exploitation \$100 or less: Simple misdemeanor

Class C felony

#### 235E – DIA Dependent Adult Abuse

- Similar to 235B
- Only applies to health care facilities, hospitals, elder group homes, assisted living or adult day care services
- Only criminal offense Fail to Report (simple) 235E.2(9)

#### Chapter 714—Theft



## Chapter 155A – Prohibited Acts Obtaining Rx by Fraud



- Obtain Rx by fraud, deceit, subterfuge, misrepresentation
- If controlled substance, penalties enhanced

2335 FIGURELING OLDERS	
	·
■ Enter & examine	
<ul><li>Examine finances</li><li>Order for services</li></ul>	
Order for services     Order for services & to enjoin	
<u> </u>	
235B Protective Orders	
■ Only DHS can file	
■ County attorneys rep DHS	
■ Leads to g/c	
	***************************************
	7
On a sight land a man	A
Special Issues re:	
Financial Crimes	
	MANAGEMENT AND THE STREET AND THE ST

#### Tools of the Trade



- Joint accounts
- On the deed
- Authorized parties to accounts
- Power of Attorney
- Voluntary conservatorships

#### Joint accounts

- May not have the right to take the property
- Intent is key
- Why is the suspect on the account
- Look at the history



#### Joint accts/Deeds/ Authorized Parties



- Victim have capacity to consent?
- Under duress?
- Undue influence?

## Mental capacity Dementia or other chronic conditions UTI, substances, or temporary conditions Brain injury

■ Must have capacity to make decision

#### **Mental Capacity**

Financial institutions cannot presume aging client has capacity when decision is against client's interest

State v. Rusbei, 2011 Wt. 3116243 (la App 2011)

#### **Duress/Undue Influence**

#### **Duress:**

Imminent threat of serious injury

#### Undue influence:

Act of overpowering the will by abusing the trust and confidence of victim

	***************************************		
***************************************			<del></del>
~ <del></del>		***************************************	
			<u></u>
	,		<del>, , · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>

## Power of Attorney Private contract between principal and attorney-in-fact end the effect tring to early to a large to the large trings trings to the large trings to the large trings to the large trings to the large trings trings trings to the large trings tr Space home at the state of the control of the state of th GENERAL POWER OF ATTORNEY the is a more all a second and **Power of Attorney** ■ Bound by limits of contract ■ "Durable" – lasts past incapacity ■ Can be revoked at any time ■ No centralized registry ■ Principal must be competent to sign **Power of Attorney Fiduciary Duties** Attorney-in-fact must: · Act in good faith on the principal's behalf · Avoid any act of self-dealing

Only act as authorized by the contract
Must provide all material facts to principal
If contract does not expressly allow it, it

cannot be done

## Power of Attorney—Feathering the Nest

POA must specifically authorize self-gifting by attorney-in-fact or it is not allowed

#### Conservators

- · Appointed by a judge
- Must report to Court
- Ward cannot make decisions
- Not okay if ward "agrees"
- Only have authority as granted by judge



#### Conservators

Same fiduciary duties as a power of attorney

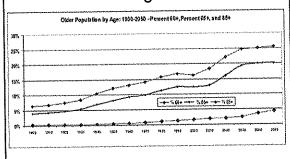


^	4	
•	1	
£		

## This Problem is Not Going Away...



## We're Not Getting Any Younger...



#### lowa 65+ population

Iowa total population: 2007 to 2030 – almost unchanged

Iowa 65+:

2010 14.9% of Iowa2030 22.4 % of Iowa

## Kids v. Seniors 2007: Under 18: 23.9% of Iowa 65 +: 14.7% of Iowa 2030: 22.4% of Iowa Under 18: 65 +: 22.4% of Iowa Sure I'm for helping the elderly. I'm going to be old myself someday. —Lillian Carter Resources: www.centeronelderabuse.org www.aging.iowa.gov www.ncall.us www.eldersandcourts.org www.ncea.aoa.gov

www.apa.org/pi/aging/resources/guides

/diminished-capacity.pdf